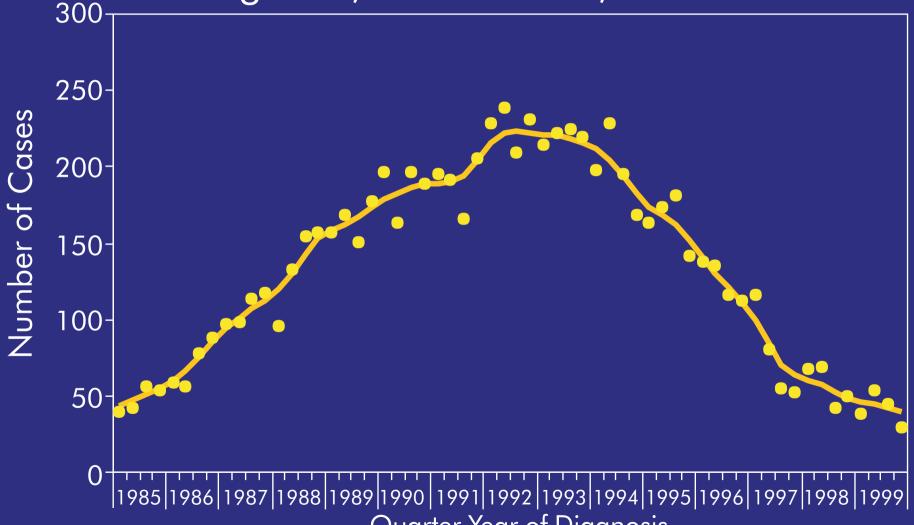
PERINATAL HIV PREVENTION: US AND INTERNATIONAL CHALLENGES

Dr. Catherine Wilfert

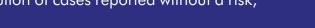
Elizabeth Glaser Pediatric AIDS Foundation

Perinatally Acquired AIDS Cases by Quarter-Year of Diagnosis,* 1985-1999, United States



Quarter-Year of Diagnosis

*Adjusted for reporting delays and estimated proportional redistribution of cases reported without a risk;
data reported through December 2000





PERCENTAGE OF PREGNANCIES SCREENED FOR HIV

County	Before	During/After	Change
Durham	3	70	+67
Cumberland	1	97	+96
Franklin	50	68	+18
Granville	2	87	+85
Person	31	100	+69
Vance	3	81	+78
Warren	6	79	+73

Prenatal Testing by Health Dept Nov 29, 1993-May 31, 1994 Walter PIDJ 1995;14:376-81

County	No.Screened	Percent
Durham	148	73.6
Franklin	76	73.7
Granville	27	88.9
Person	44	93.2
Vance	23	60.9
Warren	21	85.7

Prenatal Testing by Site Walter PIDJ 1995;14:376-81

	DUKE	LCHC	HD
Screened (n)	380	148	178
Offered (%)	85.8	91.2	93.2
Accepted (%)	58.3	78.5	87.3
Tested (%)	52.1	73.6	82

Maternal factors Associated With Not Being HIV Tested

Walter PIDJ 1995;14: 376-381

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• Race White OR = 2.22(1.49, 3.31)
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- Age (years) ≥ 30 OR = 2.11(1.43,3.11)
- Education ≥ 12 OR = 2.24(1.37, 3.69)

NC Provider Survey 1995-96 (Walter)

• HIV Testing primarily based upon patient request (8%), offered to all patients (82%), or risk assessment (10%).

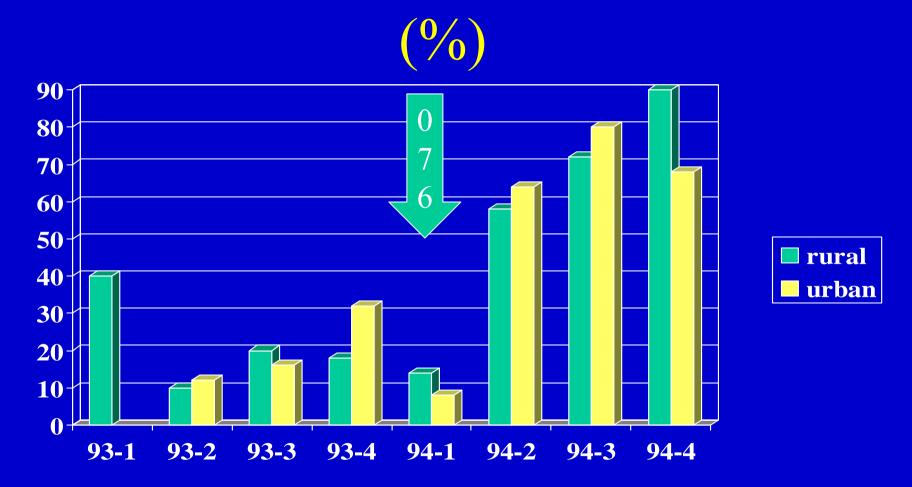
• Would recommend HIV Testing to prenatal patients without identified risks:

Tertiary centers 62%

Health dept 69%

Private practice 52%

NC 1993-94 Urban Rural ZDV USE



New Mothers and Perinatal HIV Walter, Ob & Gyn 2001;97:70-6

- 1997 multicenter, cross sectional survey of 1362 women from 7 hospitals in 4 states NC, NY,Florida, Connecticut)
- 89% received information & offered testing
- 69% overall tested; 75% tested of those offered
- 84% thought all pregnant women should be tested
- 60% thought it should be a law

New Mothers and Perinatal HIV Walter, Ob & Gyn 2001;97:70-6

- 95% women knew HIV transmissible to baby
- 74% knew if baby tested positive, mother was HIV +
- 70% knew transmission was not 100%
- 60% knew HIV transmitted by breast feeding
- 51% knew a medicine could decrease HIV transmission

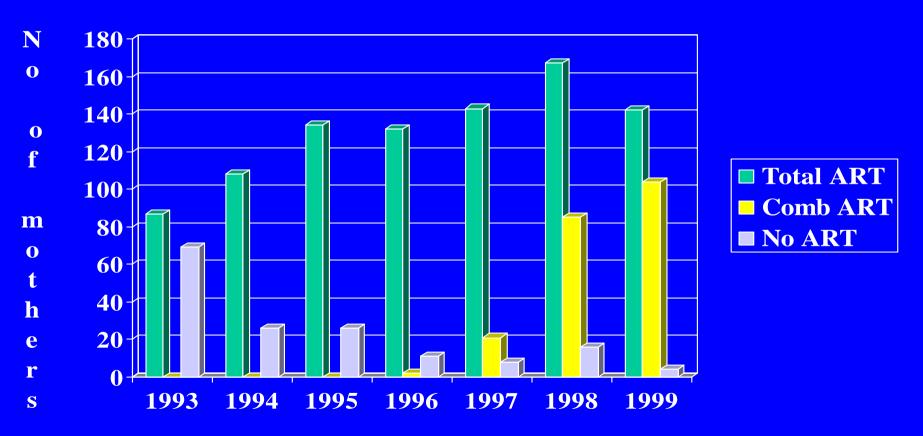
Barriers to Universal HIV Testing 1997

Royce AJPH 2001; 91:727-733

- 69% tested: 56% 1st trimester, 33% 2nd trimester, 11% 3rd trimester.
- 30% did not know their status at delivery
- Women with private insurance 3 times more likely not to be tested
- 55% (of those not tested) did not perceive a need for the test
- 39% (of those not tested) were tested prior to this pregnancy

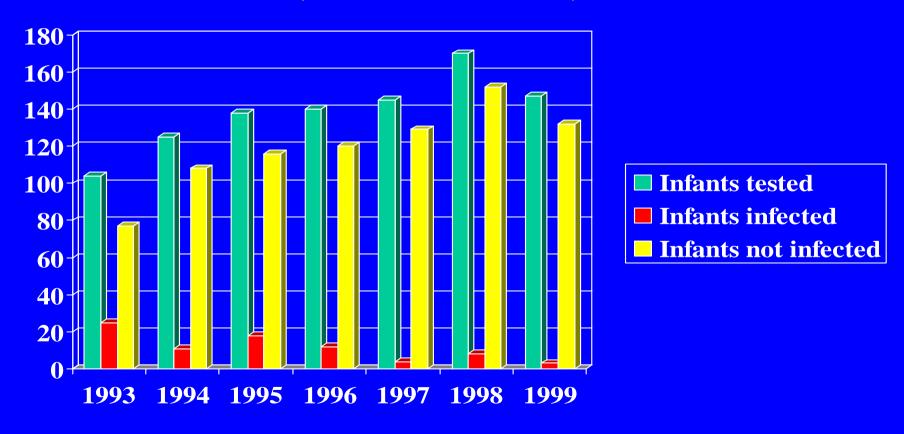
ART of HIV Exposed Infants NC 1993-99

Fiscus: In Press



Infection Status & ART of 978 HIV Exposed Infants NC 1993-1999

(Fiscus, In Press)

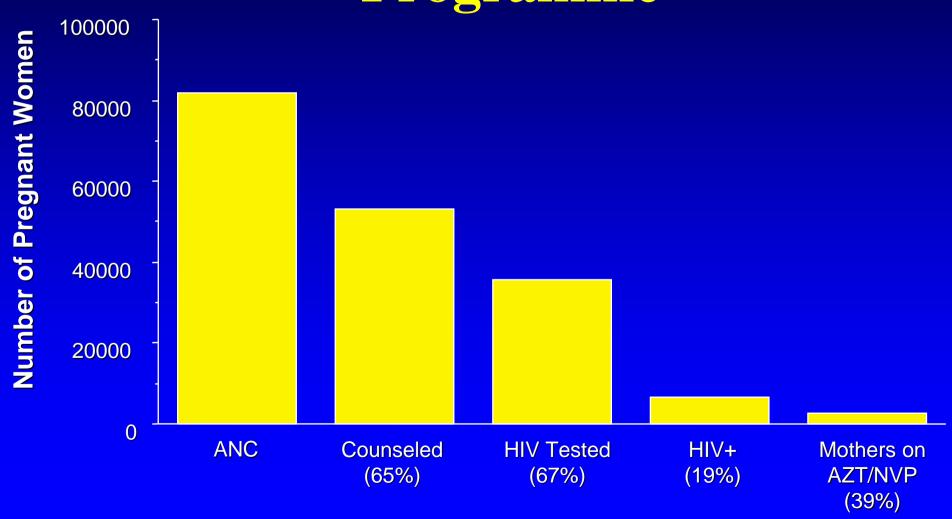


1995-97 NC VCT and Transmission (Fiscus, 98)

- 407 TOTAL MOTHERS
- 2% no prenatal care
- 93% counseled
- 5% not counseled
- 2% refused testing
- 2% seroconverted during pregnancy
- 35 INFECTED INFANTS
- 46% not counseled
- 63% No ART



UN-sponsored Africa MTCT Programme



ELIZABETH GLASER PEDIATRIC AIDS FOUNDATION

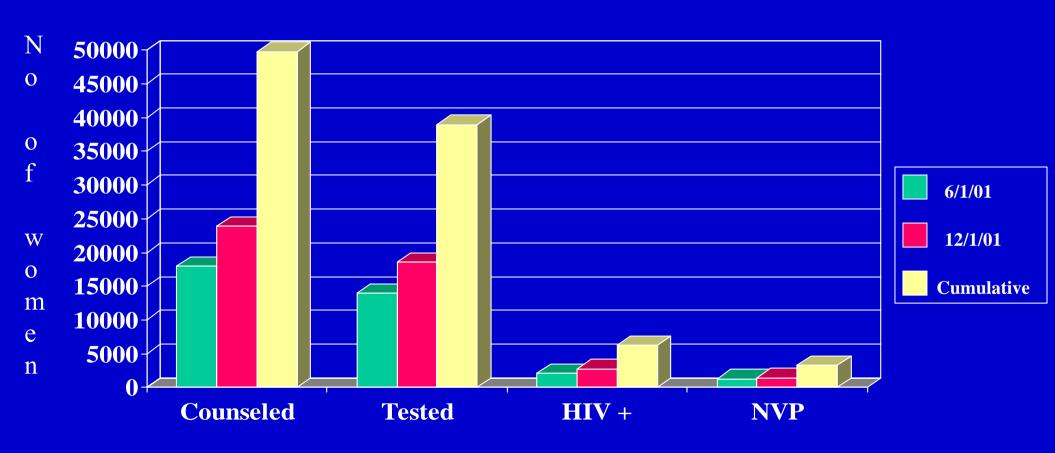
IN PARTNERSHIP WITH FHI

CALL TO ACTION PROJECT

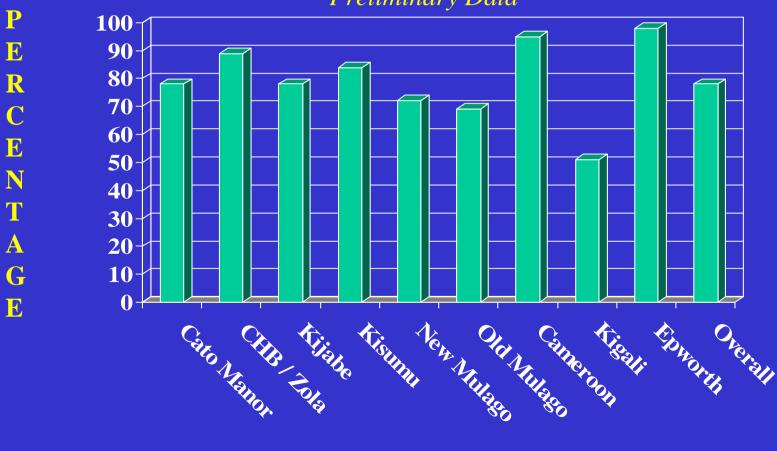
REDUCING MOTHER-TO-CHILD HIV TRANSMISSION IN THE DEVELOPING WORLD

THE PROJECT SITES LISTED BELOW REPRESENT ACTIVE PROGRAMS IN OVER 90 LOCATIONS THROUGHOUT 13 COUNTRIES IN THE DEVELOPING WORLD, AND WILL BRING HIV TESTING AND MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION INTERVENTION SERVICES TO MORE THAN 250,000 WOMEN IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS.

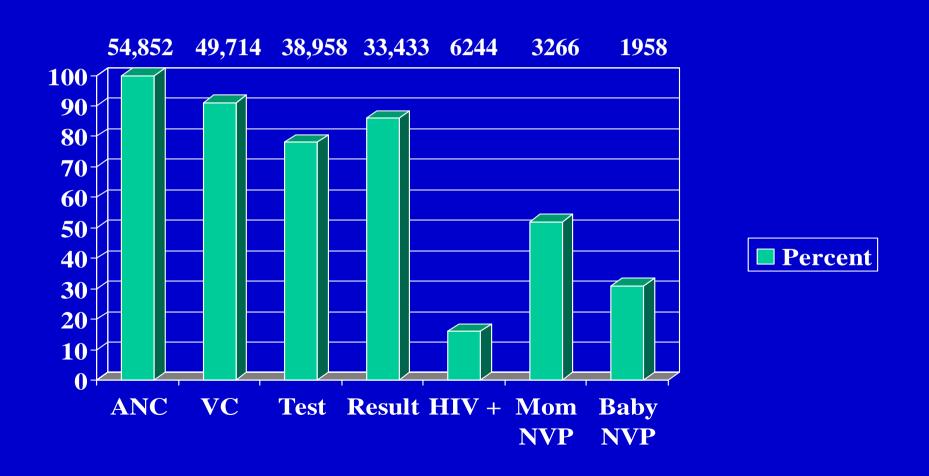
Call To Action



Percentage of Women Counseled AcceptingTesting



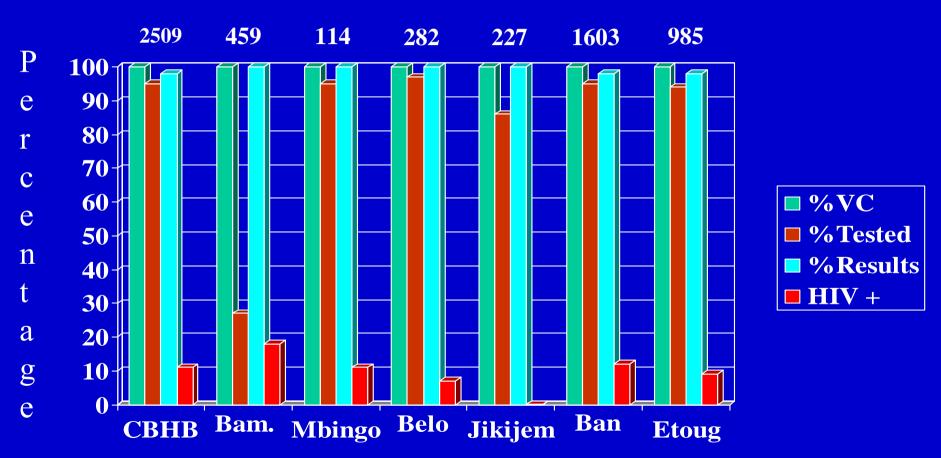
EGPAF PMTCT Program



NW Province Cameroon

- 2/1/00 Cameroon Baptist Convention Health Board
- 12/01/00 Etoug
- 2/01/01 Banso
- 6/01/01Belo;Nkwen;Ashong;Bangolan; Mbingo;
- 6/20/01 Ndu; Jikijem;
- 7/12/01 Ndop
- 8/1/01 Nkambe district; Bamenda PMI;Batibo
- 9/15/01 Bamenda Provincial

NW Province Cameroon



Observations pMTCT Africa

- Access to ANC and maternity variable.
- Estimated 40% hospital care is private not for profit rather than public
- Delivery at home with TBA
- Facilities: No private space
- Counseling: opt-in/opt out
- Is testing a barrier to intervention?
- Intervention only to HIV +, those who refuse testing?, all women in high seroprevalence areas?

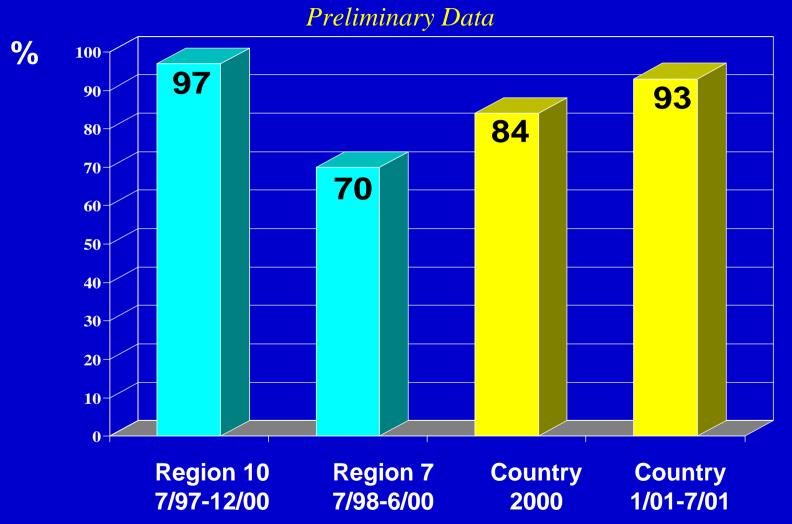
KIJABE

FEB-JUNE 2001 84% WOMEN IN ANC ACCEPTED HIV TESTING AND PREVALENCE WAS 3.8%

AN ANONYMOUS SEROPREVALENCE STUDY OF WOMEN IN ANTENATAL CLINIC WAS CONDUCTED 182 WOMEN TESTED 22 HIV + (12.1%)

HIV TESTING WITH CONSENT MISSED 74% OF HIV POSITIVE WOMEN 56% OF THOSE WOMEN REFUSING TESTING WERE HIV +

Uptake of HIV testing: from pilot projects to implementation



Source: Ministry of Public Health, Thailand

